

GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN KEBERSIHAN GIGI DAN MULUT SERTA KARANG GIGI SISWA KELAS 8B SMP NEGERI 9 KOTA TASIKMALAYA

ABSTRAK

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Latar belakang: Survei Kesehatan Indonesia (SKI) 2023, menunjukkan bahwa kondisi kesehatan gigi dimasyarakat cenderung kurang baik didapatkan data 56,9% dan proporsi permasalahan gigi dan mulut di Jawa Barat 63,4%. Masyarakat di Indonesia mengalami masalah pada gigi dan mulut serta hanya 81,4% yang mendapat penanganan dari tenaga medis gigi. **Tujuan:** Mengetahui gambaran pengetahuan tentang kebersihan gigi dan mulut serta karang gigi Siswa Kelas 8B SMP Negeri 9 Kota Tasikmalaya. **Metode:** Metode yang dilakukan dalam penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif. Jumlah sampel pada penelitian ini sejumlah 30 siswa, dengan teknik *total sampling*. Alat ukur penelitian ini menggunakan lembar kuesioner dan lembar pemeriksaan *calculus index*. **Hasil :** Rata-rata pengetahuan siswa mengenai kebersihan gigi dan mulut didapatkan kriteria cukup (43,3%) dan karang gigi (40%) didapatkan rata-rata kriteria sedang. **Kesimpulan:** Pengetahuan terbanyak yaitu kriteria cukup (43,3%) dan karang gigi terbanyak pada siswa didapatkan kriteria sedang (40%).

Kata kunci: Pengetahuan kebersihan gigi dan mulut, karang gigi

Referensi : 36 (2014-2024)

**DESCRIPTION OF KNOWLEDGE OF ORAL HYGIENE AND TARTAR
IN 8TH B GRADE STUDENTS OF SMP NEGERI 9
TASIKMALAYA CITY**

ABSTRACT

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Background: The Indonesian Health Survey (SKI) 2023, shows that dental health conditions in the community tend to be unfavorable, obtained data of 56.9% and the proportion of dental and oral problems in West Java is 63.4%. People in Indonesia experience problems with teeth and mouth and only 81.4% receive treatment from dental medical personnel. **Objectives:** To determine the knowledge of dental and oral hygiene and tartar among 8th grade students of State Junior High School 9 Tasikmalaya City. **Methods:** The method used in this study was descriptive method. The number of samples in this study were 30 students, with total sampling technique. The measuring instrument of this study used a questionnaire sheet and calculus index examination sheet. **Results:** The average knowledge of students regarding oral hygiene was found to be sufficient criteria (43.3%) and tartar was found to be moderate criteria (40%). **Conclusion:** The most knowledge results were obtained, namely, sufficient criteria (43.3%). Most tartar is moderate criteria (40%).

Keywords: Knowledge of oral and dental hygiene, Dental calculus

References: 36 (2014–2024)