

HUBUNGAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN KESEHATAN GIGI DAN MULUT DENGAN KONDISI GINGIVA PADA IBU HAMIL DI RSUD MALINGPING LEBAK BANTEN

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ABSTRAK

Latar belakang: Selama kehamilan terjadi perubahan pada rongga mulut terkait dengan perubahan hormonal, perubahan fisik, perubahan perilaku salah satunya yaitu pengetahuan yang kurang dan dapat mempengaruhi perilaku yang buruk sehingga terjadi Gingivitis kehamilan. Gingivitis dengan perdarahan pada gusi merupakan masalah yang paling umum ditemui dan berkontribusi sekitar 60-70% ibu hamil. Pengambilan data dilakukan di RSUD Malingping Lebak Banten rata-rata pengetahuan ibu hamil dalam kategori kurang dan ibu hamil mengalami gingivitis dengan data *gingiva* berat sebanyak 21 orang. **Tujuan penelitian:** Menganalisis hubungan tingkat pengetahuan kesehatan gigi dan mulut dengan kondisi *gingiva* pada ibu hamil di RSUD Malingping Lebak Banten. **Jenis penelitian:** Penelitian analitik dengan metode *cross sectional* dengan populasi ibu hamil di RSUD Malingping Lebak Banten berjumlah 42 responden. Instrumen pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah kuesioner pengetahuan dan lembar pemeriksaan gingivitis. Teknik analisis menggunakan uji Korelasi Spearman's rho. **Hasil penelitian:** Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil sebagian besar sedang (66,7%), hasil juga menunjukkan bahwa banyak ibu hamil mengalami peradangan ringan (40,5%), hasil analisis rank spearman menunjukkan bahwa ada hubungan tingkat pengetahuan kesehatan gigi dan mulut dengan kondisi *gingiva* pada ibu hamil (*p*-value: 0,001). **Kesimpulan:** Ada hubungan tingkat pengetahuan kesehatan gigi dan mulut dengan kondisi *gingiva* pada ibu hamil di RSUD Malingping Lebak Banten.

Kata kunci : Pengetahuan, Kondisi *Gingiva*, Ibu Hamil

**THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE LEVEL OF DENTAL AND ORAL
HEALTH KNOWLEDGE AND GINGIVAL CONDITION IN PREGNANT
WOMEN AT MALINGPING LEBAK BANTEN HOSPITAL**

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ABSTRACT

*Background: During pregnancy, changes in the oral cavity occur related to hormonal changes, physical changes, behavioral changes, one of which is a lack of knowledge and can affect bad behavior so that pregnancy gingivitis occurs. Gingivitis with bleeding gums is the most common problem and contributes to about 60-70% of pregnant women. Data collection was carried out at Malingping Lebak Banten Hospital, the average knowledge of pregnant women was in the poor category and pregnant women experienced gingivitis with severe gingival data of 21 people. Research objectives: To analyze the relationship between the level of dental and oral health knowledge and gingival condition in pregnant women at Malingping Lebak Banten Hospital. Type of research: An analytical study using the cross sectional method with the population of pregnant women at Malingping Lebak Banten Hospital totaled 42 respondents. The data collection instruments used were knowledge questionnaires and gingivitis examination sheets. The analysis technique uses the Spearman's rho correlation test. Results: The level of knowledge of pregnant women was mostly moderate (66.7%), the results also showed that many pregnant women experienced mild inflammation (40.5%), the results of Rank Spearman analysis showed that there was a relationship between the level of knowledge of dental and oral health and the condition of the gingiva in pregnant women (*p*-value: 0.001). Conclusion: There is a relationship between the level of dental and oral health knowledge and gingival condition in pregnant women at Malingping Lebak Banten Hospital.*

Keywords: Knowledge, Condition of Gingiva, Pregnant Women