

HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN DAN SIKAP TERHADAP KESEHATAN GIGI DENGAN PENGALAMAN KARIES PADA ANAK SEKOLAH MINGGU KELAS 3-4 DI GEREJA HKBP TASIKMALAYA

INTISARI

Sekolah Minggu merupakan kegiatan ibadah untuk mengajar anak-anak tentang pendidikan agama kristen dan pembinaan rohani yang dilaksanakan di hari minggu. Proses pertumbuhan dan perkembangan anak-anak merupakan salah satu yang mempengaruhi respon kesehatan tubuh terhadap terjadinya karies gigi. Salah satu masalah yang terjadi pada anak adalah masalah terhadap kesehatan gigi dan mulut. Tujuan penelitian untuk mengetahui hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap terhadap kesehatan gigi dengan pengalaman karies pada kelas 3-4 di Gereja HKBP Tasikmalaya. Metode Penelitian menggunakan *Cross sectional* dengan deskriptif analitik. Populasi seluruh anak kelas 3-4 berjumlah 30 anak dengan teknik *Total sampling*. Alat ukur menggunakan kuesioner dan format pemeriksaan *DMFT*. Data analisis menggunakan uji statistik *Chi-square*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan pengetahuan kelas 3-4 mayoritas pada kategori sedang (63%), sikap kelas 3-4 mayoritas pada kategori sedang (57%), dan indeks pengalaman karies *DMFT* kategori sangat rendah (60%). Hasil uji *Chi Square* menunjukkan terdapat hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap kesehatan gigi dengan pengalaman karies pada anak kelas 3-4 di gereja HKBP Tasikamalaya dengan nilai p-value pengetahuan dengan pengalaman karies $0,000 < 0,05$ dan sikap dengan pengalaman karies $0,050 < 0,05$. Kesimpulan yaitu adanya hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap anak sekolah minggu kelas 3-4 tentang kesehatan gigi dengan pengalaman karies di Gereja HKBP Tasikmalaya, diharapkan anak sekolah minggu berupaya mengurangi makanan dan minuman yang manis dan lengket, serta melakukan menyikat gigi yang baik dan benar.

Kata Kunci : Pengetahua, Sikap, Karies, Anak sekolah minggu

**THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN KNOWLEDGE AND ATTITUDE
TOWARDS DENTAL HEALTH WITH CARIES EXPERIENCE IN
SUNDAY SCHOOL CHILDREN GRADE 3-4 IN HKBP
CHURCH TASIKMALAYA**

ABSTRACT

Sunday School is a worship activity to teach children about Christian religious education and spiritual development held on Sundays. The process of growth and development of children is one that affects the body's health response to dental caries. One of the problems that occurs in children is problems with oral health. The purpose of the study was to determine the relationship between knowledge and attitudes towards dental health with caries experience in grades 3-4 at HKBP Tasikmalaya Church. Research methods using Cross sectional with descriptive analytics. The population of all grade 3-4 children amounted to 30 children with total sampling technique. Measurement tools using questionnaires DMFT examination formats. Data were analyzed using Chi-square statistical test. The results showed that the majority of grade 3-4 knowledge was in the moderate category (63%), the attitude of grade 3-4 was in the moderate category (57%), and the caries experience index deft was in the moderate category (43%) while DMFT was in the very low category (60%). The Chi Square test results show that there is a relationship between dental health knowledge and attitudes with caries experience in grade 3-4 children at HKBP Tasikamalaya church with a p-value of knowledge with caries experience of $0.000 < 0.05$ and attitude with caries experience of $0.050 < 0.05$. The conclusion is that there is a relationship between knowledge and attitudes of grade 3-4 Sunday school children about dental health with caries experience at HKBP Tasikmalaya Church, it is hoped that Sunday school children will try to reduce sweet and sticky foods and drinks, and brush their teeth properly.

Keywords: Knowledge, Attitude, Caries, Sunday School Children