

HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN DENGAN SIKAP IBU HAMIL TENTANG PERTUMBUHAN GIGI DI PUSKESMAS KERSANAGARA KOTA TASIKMALAYA

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ABSTRAK

Pendahuluan: Kesehatan gigi dan mulut merupakan hal yang penting, khususnya untuk ibu hamil. Pengetahuan dan sikap mengenai kesehatan gigi anak juga menjadi hal keharusan bagi seorang ibu demi perkembangan dan pertumbuhan gigi geligi anak yang baik, pertumbuhan gigi merupakan proses erupsi gigi sulung dan gigi permanen di rongga mulut. Proses pembentukan dan perkembangan benih gigi sulung telah mulai dibentuk ketika bayi di dalam kandungan itu berusia 1,5-2 bulan.

Tujuan: Mengetahui hubungan pengetahuan dengan sikap ibu hamil terhadap pertumbuhan gigi. **Metode:** penelitian ini merupakan penelitian observasi. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah 392 orang ibu hamil di Puskesmas Kersanagara dengan penentuan sampel dihitung menggunakan rumus slovin sehingga didapatkan sampel sebanyak 40 orang ibu hamil. **Hasil:** Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang pertumbuhan gigi dalam kriteria kurang sebanyak 24 orang (60%) dan sikap ibu hamil dalam kriteria sedang sebanyak 24 orang (60%) yang paling dominan, dari hasil uji *Rank Spearman* didapat ada hubungan yang bermakna antara tingkat pengetahuan dengan sikap $0,000 < 0,05$. **Kesimpulan:** Terdapat hubungan antara pengetahuan dengan sikap ibu hamil tentang pertumbuhan gigi di Puskesmas Kersanagara Kota Tasikmalaya.

Kata kunci: Pengetahuan, Sikap, Ibu Hamil, Pertumbuhan gigi

**THE RELATIONSHIP OF KNOWLEDGE AND THE ATTITUDES OF
PREGNANT WOMEN REGARDING DENTAL GROWTH AT
KERSANAGARA HEALTH CENTER
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ABSTRACT

Introduction: Dental and oral health is important, especially for pregnant women. Knowledge and attitudes regarding children's dental health are also a must for mothers for the good development and growth of their children's teeth. Tooth growth is the process of eruption of primary and permanent teeth in the oral cavity. The process of formation and development of primary teeth begins to form when the baby in the womb is 1.5-2 months old. **Objective:** To determine the relationship between knowledge and attitudes of pregnant women towards tooth growth. **Method:** this research is an observational study. The population in this study was 392 pregnant women at the Kersanagara Community Health Center with the sample calculated using the Slovin formula so that a sample of 40 pregnant women was obtained. **Results:** The level of knowledge of pregnant women about tooth growth in the less criteria was 24 people (60%) and the attitude of pregnant women in the medium criteria was 24 people (60%) which was the most dominant. From the results of the Spearman Rank test it was found that there was a significant relationship between the level of knowledge with an attitude of $0.000 < 0.05$. **Conclusion:** There is a relationship between knowledge and attitudes of pregnant women regarding tooth growth at the Kersanagara Health Center, Tasikmalaya City.

Key words: Knowledge, Attitude, Pregnant Women, Teeth growth